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# Alustatalous myllertää toimialat ja liiketoiminnan

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# It's about fundamental change in thinking

#### 1) Product-centric thinking



**Operational efficiency** 

#### 2) Service-centric thinking



Omnichanneled customer experience

#### 3) Platform-centric thinking



**Disruption of supply chains and industries** 



# Software (digital platform)



## Change in business thinking

## Product- and service-oriented business

- Own customer relationships
- Single or multichannel product and service experience
- Life cycle services
- Two-sided markets (supplier, customer)
- Value creation and capture follows traditional value chain model (suppliers, focal firm, customers)

#### Platform (economy) business

- Maintaining digital platform to enable third parties business and innovation; network effects
- Common user and customer experience is crucial (i.e., full-pull economy)
- Simple, defined, development enhancing interfaces between parties
- Earnings are based in using and operating in and on the digital platform
- Ecosystemic value creation and capture



(Modified Seppälä 2015)

# Three key shifts in moving from pipeline to platform

1. From resource control to resource orchestration

2. From internal optimization

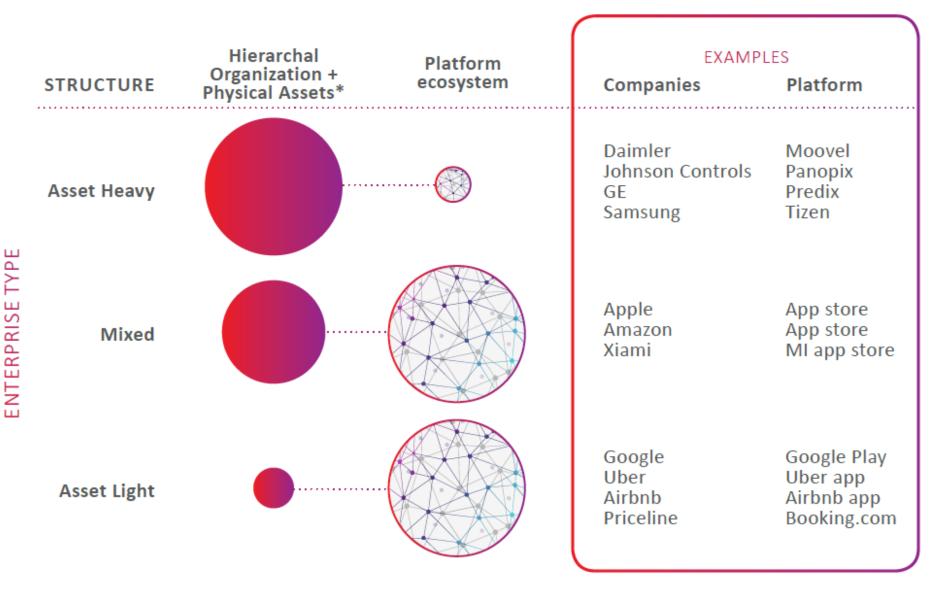
to external interaction

3. From a focus on customer value

to a focus on ecosystem value



#### PLATFORM BY ENTERPRISE TYPE



#### SOURCE: Authors, 2015

#### FIGURE 9

\* Includes HQ, other rooftops, retail outlets, manufacturing plants, service shops, etc.



#### Volkswagen Truck & Bus launches cloud-based "operating system" for the entire transportation industry

- The new brand RIO bundles digital solutions of the transportation & logistics ecosystem
- Open platform also includes vehicles of competitors
- Significant increase in efficiency and transparency in the field of transportation
- MAN is first sponsor of RIO and is responsible for developing the brand within the Volkswagen Truck & Bus Group





As of the beginning of 2017, Volkswagen Truck & Bus will be offering an open and cloud-based "operating system" for the entire transportation industry.

# **Digital platforms**

- Frameworks ("digital frames") where third parties can built their innovations, over current industry boundaries
- Different actors (parties) develop, offer, and maintain products and services complementing others' offerings, providing those into many channels and markets within commonly agreed rules and user/customer experience
- May form comprehensive value creation ecosystems and de-facto standards; typical characteristics is to bind and attract separate participants into digital platforms through monetary rewards enabled by network effects
- Digital platforms will revolutionize economical organizations and institutions by, for instance:
  - Re-defining boundaries of industries and industry architectures
  - Changing value creation and value capture logics and methods
  - Modifying the content and nature of work and labor markets
  - Shifting equilibrium of competitive advantage in global value networks



# Strategic challenges when moving to multi-sided markets

- Number of participants
  - The more there are participants, the bigger are potential network effects and resulting value capture potential
- Contradicting interests in functionalities
  - E.g. number of ads vs. user experience
- Value sharing between parties (over time)
  - Pricing power; how and based on what principles revenues will be shared
  - Change of contracts during period
- Control (contracts, use rights)
  - To what extent delimit parties' innovativeness and freedom to operate in advance?



# Value creation from platform perspective

A well-managed platform can create excess value in four ways:

- access to value creation,
- access to the market,
- access to tools, and
- curation



## Scalability: what does it mean #1

- Network effects: direct and indirect
  - Direct network effects ("more users, more value") (numbers game; who has the most eyeballs attracted is the winner; monetization comes from VC logic or other; linear value creation and capture)
  - Indirect network effects ("more use; more value") more use (of service/product) is better (content-driven; ecosystemic value creation and capture happens here)
- Network effects: Same-side, cross-side, positive and negative
  - same side positive and negative network effects pos. more users, more content, other users happy neg. more suppliers; more competition btw suppliers, less happy suppliers
  - cross side positive and negative network effects pos. more users make suppliers happy neg. more advertisers in supply side make users less happy



## Scalability: what does it mean #2

- Scalability requires effective way to use and benefit the resources that somebody else owns
  - Digital platforms as backbones of business
- Boundary resources are the central concept in the platform economy
  - Managing and controlling the interfaces enables exponential growth (business scalability)
  - Social and technical boundary resources
    - Contracts between platform owner and complementing parties
    - Technical compatibility between offerings; APIs, SDKs, Moving from two-sided markets to multi-sided markets
  - Ecosystemic approach, requires e.g. complementors and enablers



## **Boundary resources**

#### Social boundary resources

### Contracts between platform owners and complementors

- Legal rights (e.g. patents, excl. Data)
- Joint earning logics
- Open data (for third parties)
- Guidelines, documentation (incl.

Common user and customer experiece)

# Technical boundary resources

Multi-layer technical compatibility & interoperability

- Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)
- Software Development Kits (SDKs)
- Scripts for new functionality



Ailisto et al. 2015

# How firms have prepared themselves to utilisation of digital platforms?

- Of 51 middle-size manufacturing industry firm (so-called *Mittelstand* firms)
  - 0 firms have published their social boundary resources
  - 0 firms have published their technical boundary resources
  - 7 firms defined their offerings in a way that it includes parts of digital offerings



Castren et al. 2016

# Key takeaways

- Platform economy is the new paradigm
- There are three shifts to: 1) resource orchestration, 2) external interaction, 3) ecosystem value
- Needs to understand how to accumulate and enable co-creation of value



# **KIITOS!**

Toteutamme mielenkiintoisia tutkimus- ja kehityshankkeita tuottaen ratkaisuja, tietoa ja osaamista yritysten kilpailukyvyn kehittämiseen teknologiakeskeisessä, muuttuvassa toimintaympäristössä.

Meneillään olevia hankkeita ovat mm.

iPLATE – Osaamisen kehittäminen alustatalouden maailmassa DEEVA – Data ja kokemukset ekosysteemin arvon yhteisluonnissa TEUVO – Uudet liiketoimintamallit verkostoissa – teollisuuden uudistumiskyky

#### **YHTEYSTIEDOT**

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